

Dunscroft Community Profile Well Doncaster



Well Doncaster

Community Led Health and Wealth

Empowering people in Doncaster to live better, healthier, and happier lives.

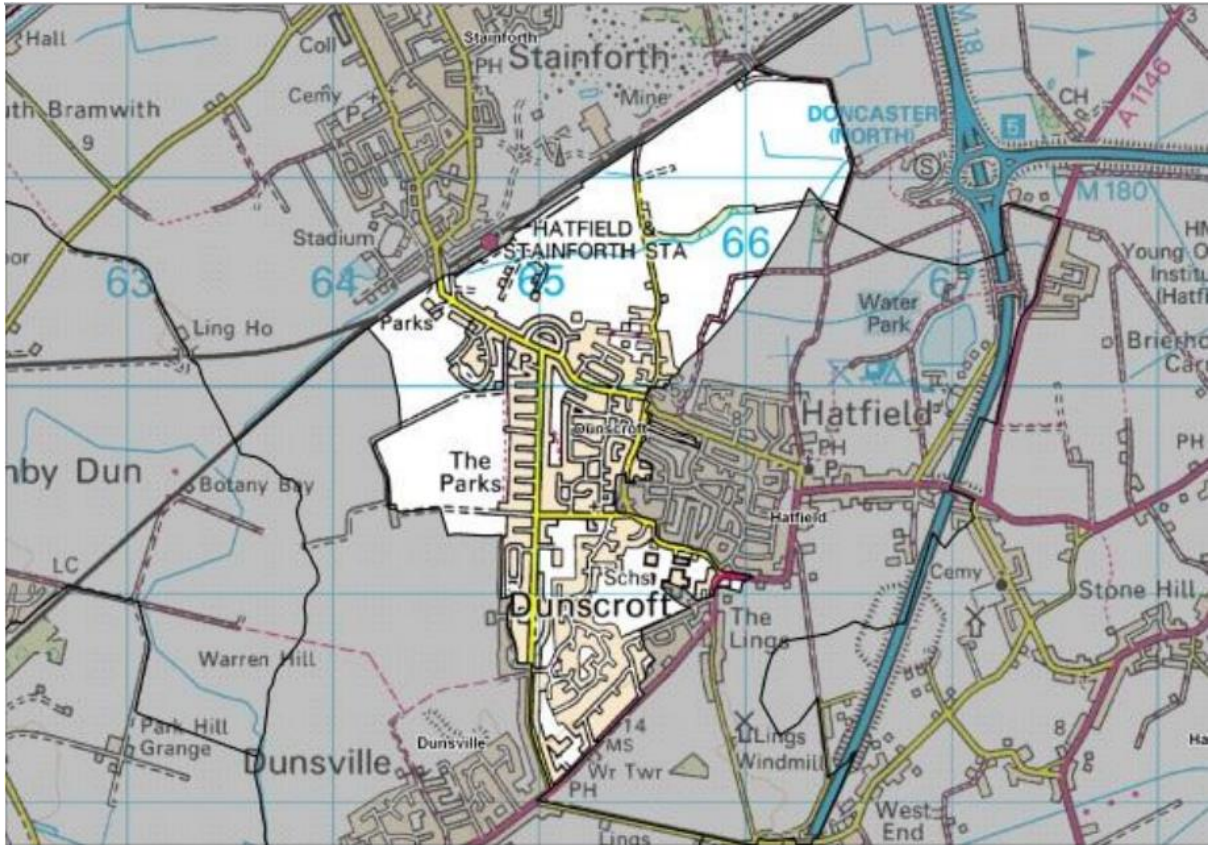
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Well Doncaster
**Community
Wealth Builder**

Well Doncaster
Be Well



City of
Doncaster
Council



This Report

This report focuses on the community of Dunscroft, part of the Hatfield Ward in the East of the City. The report begins with a one-page summary outlining key information and priorities. This document shows the initial conversations with communities, including ward members, community organisations, faith groups, residents and other organisations who work in the area. Communities' knowledge of their own areas enables them to identify their strengths and the assets on which they can build on. This document is shared with the intention of supporting those conversations and sharing information that might not be readily available to local people.

Where specific data for Dunscroft is unavailable, data for the Hatfield Ward has been used. Data for Hatfield West has also been used which includes Dunscroft.



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Dunscroft



30% of the population have **no qualifications**



1 in 3 people are **not in employment** and have **never worked**



Preventable deaths are the leading cause of death



24.6% of housing are **social rented properties**



High proportion of **children in the community** and **lone parent households**



27.4% of children are **overweight or obese** at reception age

One Page Summary

Dunscroft is part of the Hatfield ward which consists of five communities: Dunscroft, Dunsville, Hatfield, Hatfield Woodhouse and Lindholme. It is located in the East of the City, approximately 6 miles from the centre of Doncaster and has a population of approximately 5,600 (Census 2021). It consists of 4 Lower-layer Super Output Areas (LSOAs): Central, East, South, and Station Road (these are outlined on the Asset Maps for geographic purposes).

The IMD score in Dunscroft is 35.99, this indicates that Dunscroft is ranked the 22nd most deprived community in Doncaster (out of 88) and has the highest levels of deprivation within the Hatfield ward.

Dunscroft has a predominantly working age population, with the average age of Dunscroft residents being 42 years. There are a significantly high proportion of children and young people aged 0-19 years in Dunscroft and the percentage of households consisting of lone parent families with dependent children is also higher in Dunscroft than Doncaster.

The leading cause of death in Hatfield West which covers Dunscroft is deaths from causes considered preventable (the underlying cause of death could potentially be avoided by public health and primary prevention interventions). Emergency hospital admissions for chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) is significantly high in Hatfield West (150.2 / 100.0). Alcohol specific admissions show significantly high rates in Dunscroft Central and high rates in Dunscroft Station Road and Dunscroft East.

24.6% of households are socially rented, this is significantly higher than Doncaster (17.0%) and England (17.1%). The prevalence of socially rented properties is particularly high on Station Road and Broadwater Drive, with a large number also on Durham Road, Lichfield Road and Winchester Road. The most frequent number of people per household in Dunscroft is 3-4, similar to Doncaster. However, the percentage of households with 5+ people is higher in Dunscroft.

Dunscroft has a high proportion of economically inactive people (45.3%) and lower rates of economically active individuals currently in employment compared to Doncaster. The number of individuals who are not in employment is also significantly high compared to England and Doncaster. The highest prevalence of residents not in employment that have never worked is around Station Road, York Road, and Menson Drive. Those that are in employment are more likely to be in elementary occupations and lower-skilled work and less likely to be in senior or professional roles

27.4% of children are overweight or obese at reception age in Hatfield West. This increases to 38.5% in Year 6. Figures at both age groups are significantly higher than in Doncaster and England.

Key Health Priorities

- Preventable deaths are the leading cause of death
- Significantly high rates of alcohol specific hospital admissions
- High rates of economic inactivity and unemployment, with lower levels of skills
- High numbers of inactive households and high rates of childhood obesity

Assets

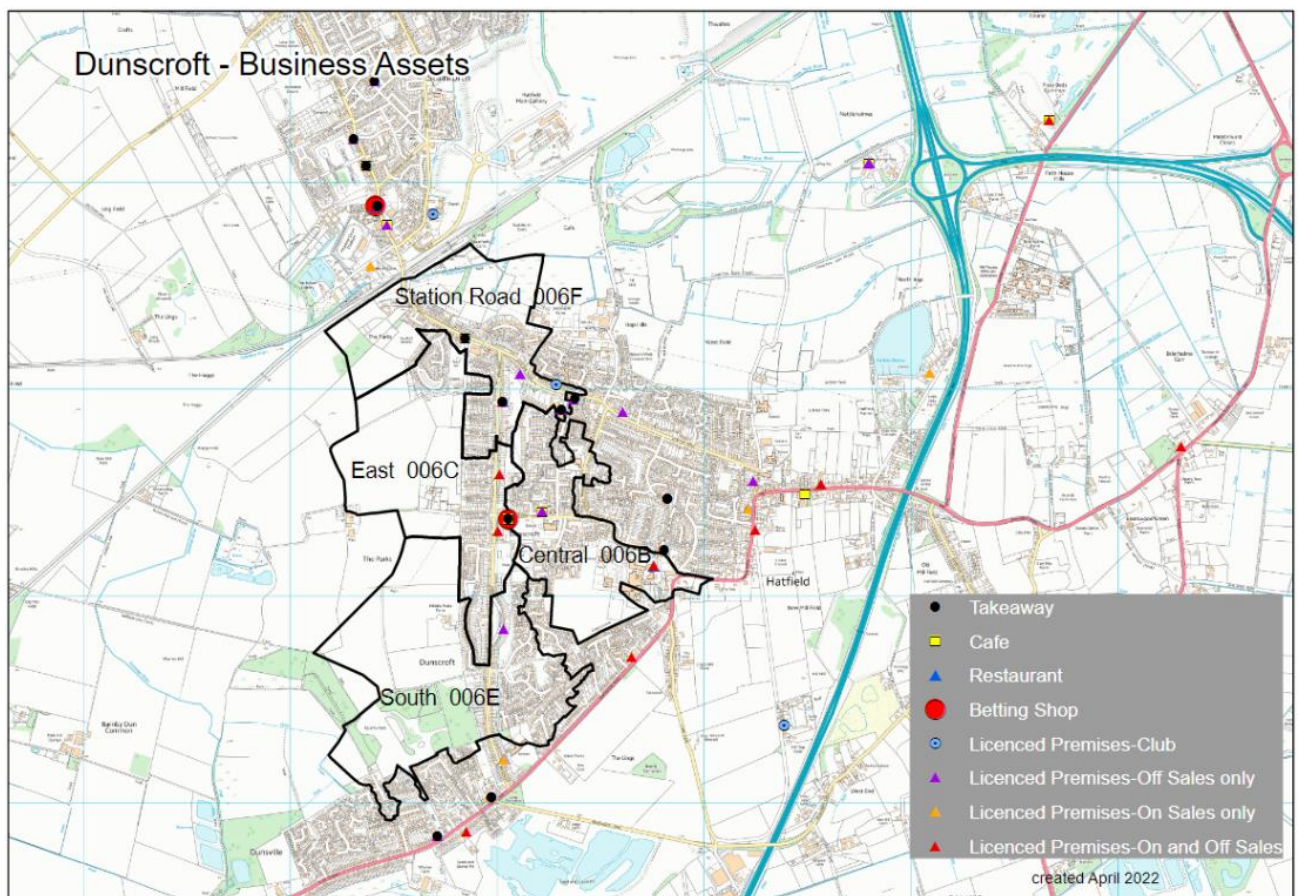
Well Doncaster use a community centred approach which allows investment in supporting, working with, and empowering communities to facilitate a healthy community. The voice and role of our communities and taking a strength/assets-based approach to work with individuals, families and communities is crucial to the achievement of our overall vision. It is recognised that work is needed in the community to expand the understanding of who, how and what is accessed in the area. Greater knowledge of the identity of each community/ward will allow a more appropriate and effective response to community needs. Dunscroft remains a priority area for the East locality and ongoing work will continue to support it.

Asset Maps

The maps below show the different type of assets found across Dunscroft. These have been separated into Business, Community, and Health assets. It should be noted that these maps are a starting point in understanding the community and that further work is needed amongst the community to understand all the assets and how they are used. These maps will be updated to highlight any changes.

Business Assets

Figure 1. Business assets in Dunscroft



Community Assets

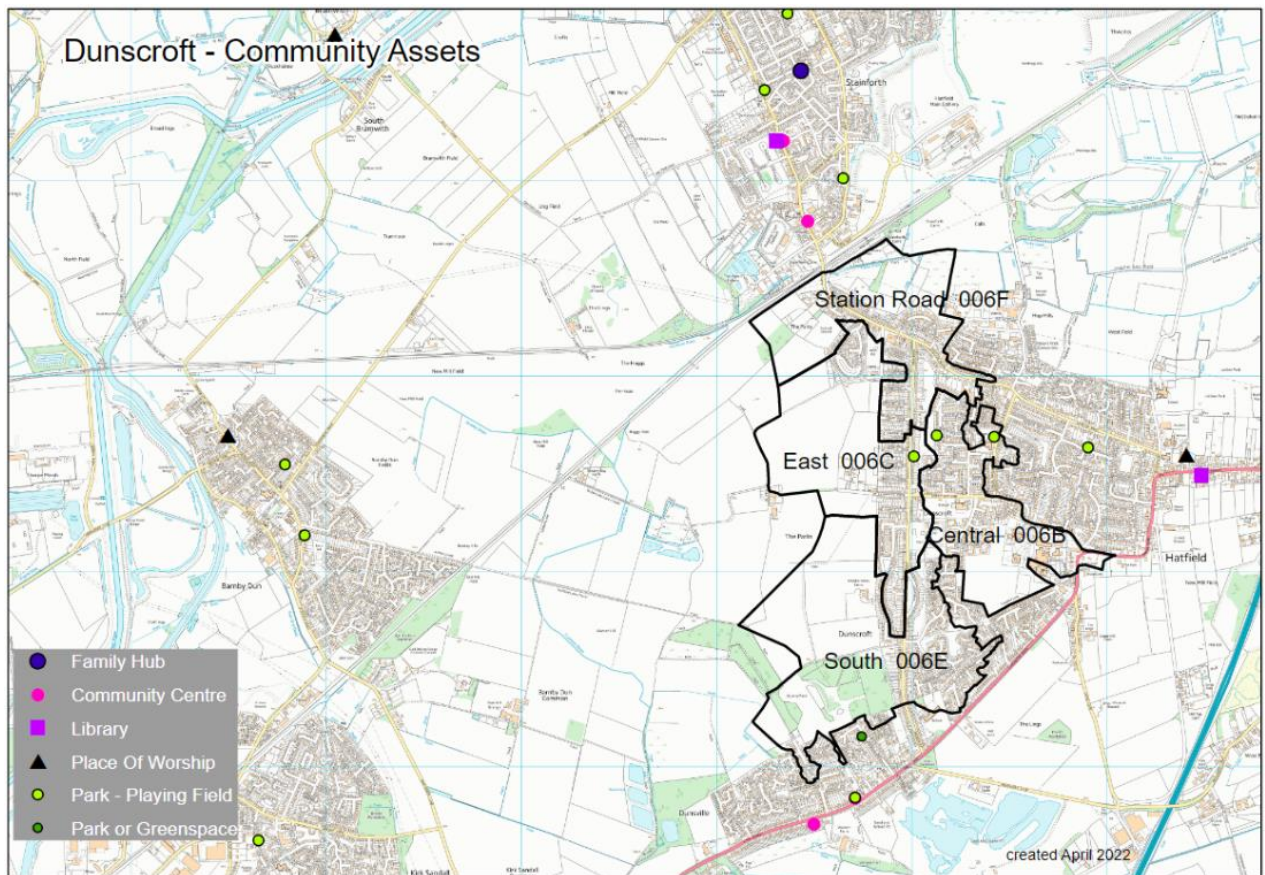


Figure 2. Community assets in Dunscroft

Health Assets

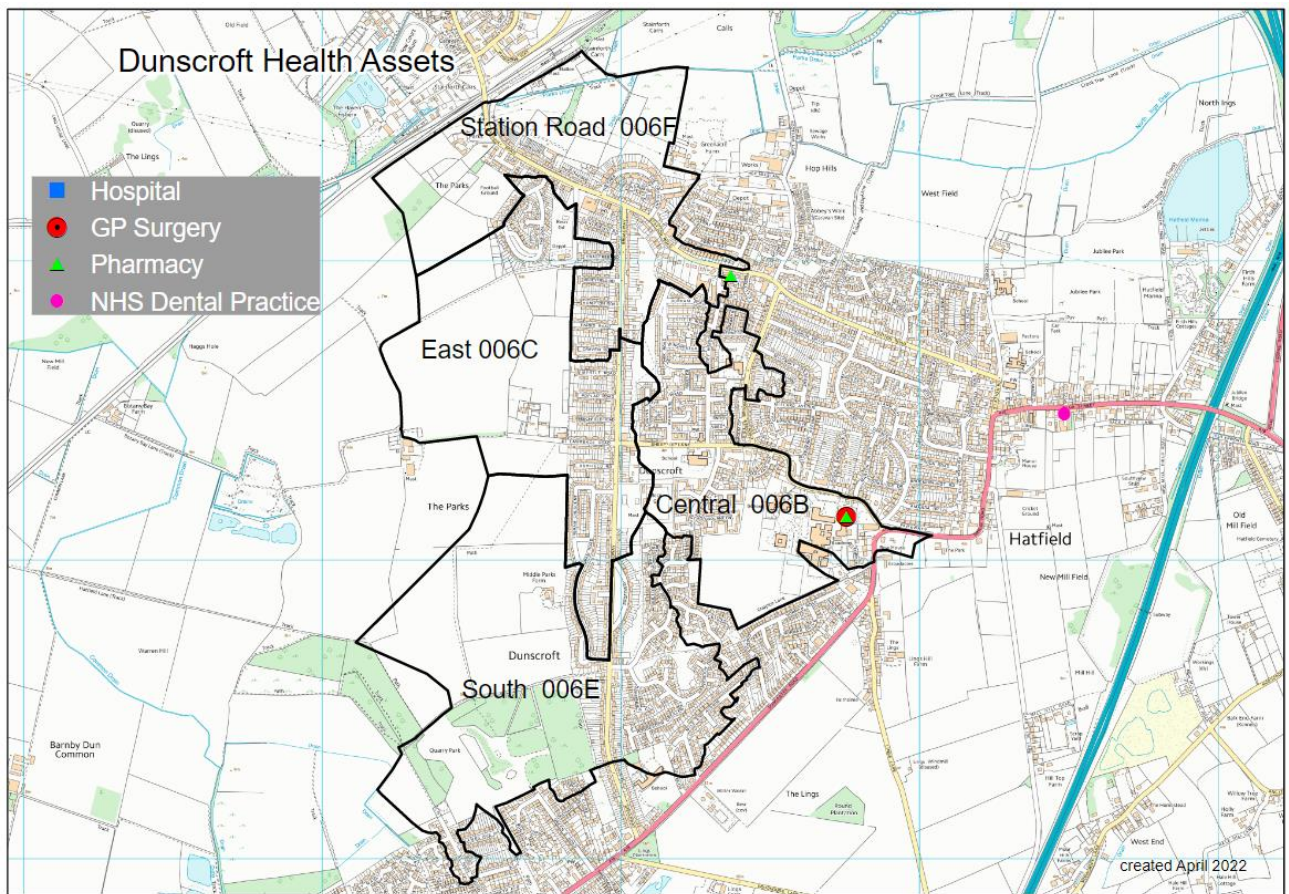


Figure 3. Health assets in Dunscroft

Assets in the Community

As part of a population health management approach, the following assets have been identified and themed around people and places:



Institutions (Schools/colleges etc.)	Physical Space (Parks, car parks etc.)	Local Economy (Local profit businesses)
Schools/Education <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sheep Dip Lane Primary School • Crookesbroom Primary Academy • Dunsville Primary School • Ash Hill Academy • Coppice School 	Parks/Green Spaces <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • York Road Recreational Ground • Quarry Park • Abbey Playing Fields Community Venues <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Dunscroft Together • Kinsbourne Green Communal Hall 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Smokie Jim's Convenience Store • Refurnish Dunscroft • Cambeth Community Pantry Pubs/Restaurants <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Broadway Hotel • Dunscroft Social Working Men's Club • Dunscroft Welfare • The Sandwich Bar Café • Lotus Garden Chinese Takeaway • Broadway Chippy



Individuals (Key individuals in the community)	Associations (Local Groups/Clubs)	Stories (Good news stories)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ward Members • Hatfield Town Council Councillors <p>Community Leaders:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Volunteers in VCFS Sector <p>Professionals:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Well Doncaster Officer • Be Well Officer • CDC Communities Team • Police Community Support Officer • St Leger Homes 	<p>Dunscroft Together</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lunch Club • Job Club • Youth Club • Arts and Craft Session • Bingo <p>Kinsbourne Green Communal Hall</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bingo • Social Club <p>Friends of Quarry Park</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Volunteering Group 	<p>In June 2023, Dunscroft Positive Action Group (PAG) focussed on delivering a Community Fun Day in August to utilise green spaces and build on community spirit. The PAG which is a collaboration between residents and professionals including Well Doncaster, Hatfield Town Council and Ward Members met bi-weekly to plan, organise and deliver a fun day for the whole community to enjoy.</p>

Community Investment

The East locality has received £775,000 of community investment through Well Doncaster. Of this, £206,000 has been directly invested in the Hatfield ward, with over £51,200 investment in Dunscroft. The investment has contributed towards the community priorities of Children & Young People provision and supporting physical activity, followed by enabling positive lifestyle choices and increasing sense of community spirit.

Ward Members

The Hatfield ward has three ward Councillors.



Councillor Duncan
Anderson

Hatfield
Labour



Councillor Linda
Curran

Hatfield
Labour



Councillor Glynis
Smith

Hatfield
Labour

Contact details for the Ward Councillors are as follows:

Duncan.Anderson@doncaster.gov.uk

Linda.Curran@doncaster.gov.uk

Glynis.Smith@doncaster.gov.uk

Dunscroft also has several serving Town Councillors from Hatfield Town Council.

Wealth Inequalities

Health inequalities are avoidable differences across the population and between different groups within society. Health inequalities arise from the conditions in which we live, work, and play. These conditions influence our opportunities for good health, how we think, feel, and act, therefore shaping our health and wellbeing.

Evidence shows that people living in our most deprived areas face the greatest health inequalities in relation to health access, experiences, and outcomes. Deprivation covers a range of issues and refers to unmet needs caused by a lack of resources, including but not limited to finances, housing, and education. It is measured in different ways including the Indices of Multiple Deprivation (IMD). Doncaster is within the 10% most deprived communities in England.

The overall deprivation map from 2019 below shows deprivation across the city by Lower Super Output Areas (LSOAs). Areas in red are those in the top IMD decile, which means that they have been identified as being most deprived. Dunscroft has been identified on the map.

Doncaster Borough
Deprivation by LSOA
(IMD 2019)

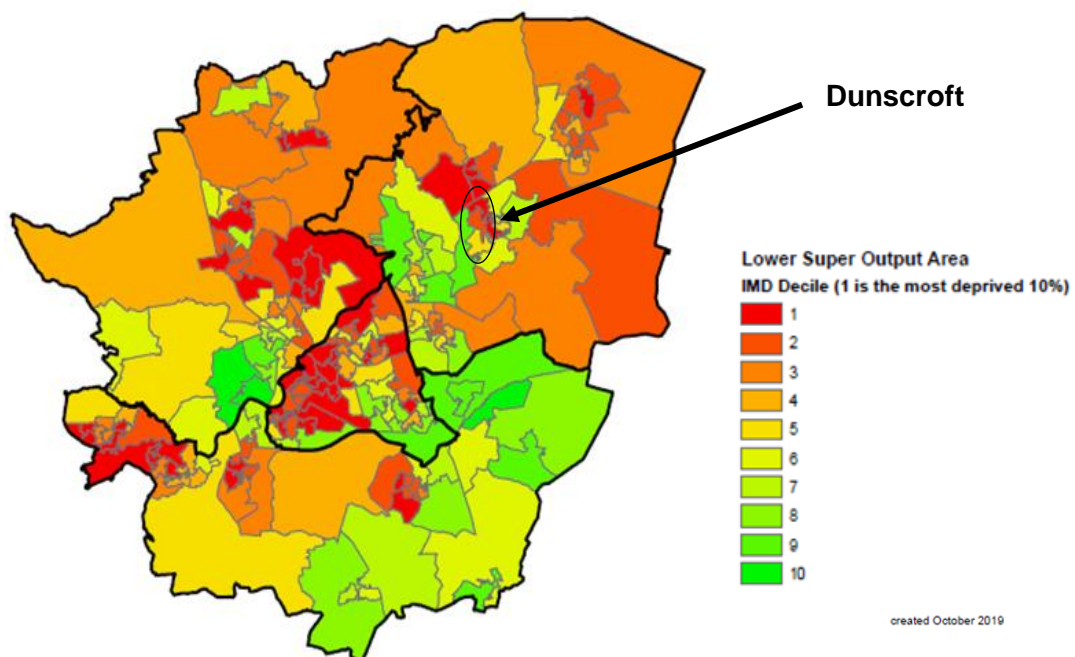


Figure 4. Doncaster borough deprivation by LSOA, 2019

The map below shows the differences in deprivation in the Hatfield Ward, based on national quintiles of the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2010 by LSOA, and highlights Dunscroft as having the highest level of deprivation across the ward. The darkest colour represents the most deprived areas.

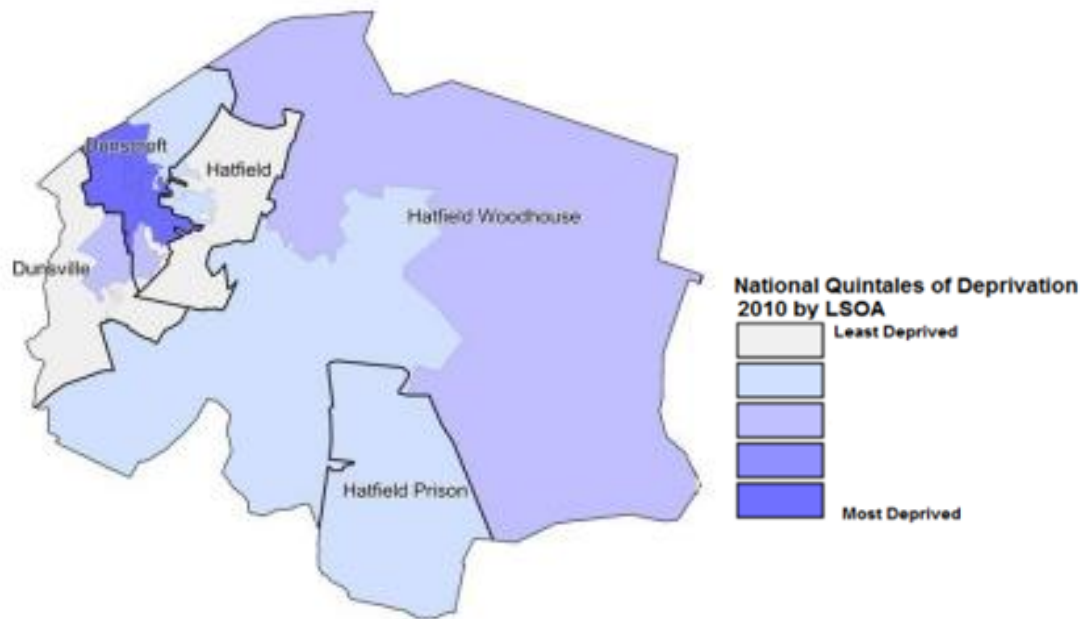


Figure 5. National Quintiles of Deprivation for Hatfield ward

The 2021 Census data has been used to produce estimates that classify households in England and Wales by four dimensions of deprivation; Education, Employment, Health and Housing. This information is then broken down into household deprivation within Dunscroft compared to England. As demonstrated in the infographic below, Dunscroft has higher rates of households deprived in one, two and three dimensions than England, with lower rates of households not deprived in any dimension.

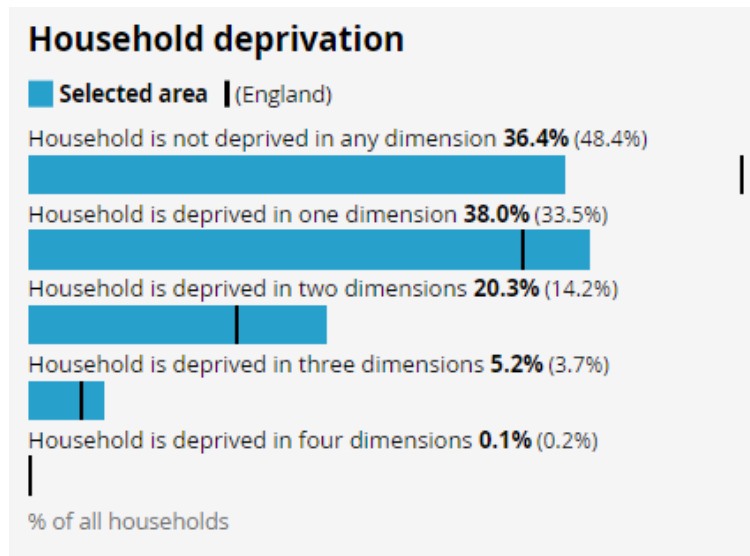


Figure 6. Household deprivation in Dunscroft (Census 2021)

Wealth Inequalities

The Index of multiple deprivation score in the Hatfield ward is 26.5, with 13.6% of the population living in poverty, this is significantly higher than Doncaster and England at 16.6% and 12.9% respectively. Dunscroft Station Road falls within the 10% most deprived areas nationally with an IMD rank of 1630.

Furthermore, 24.6% of children are living in poverty in Hatfield West, this is significantly higher than England (17.1%) and Doncaster (22.7%). Although the number of older people in poverty index (IDAOPI) in Hatfield West (15.8%) is not significantly different to Doncaster (15.9%) it is significantly higher than the England rate at 14.2%. Alongside this, there are a significant amount of older people living alone in the community, with 24.4% of adults aged 65 and over living alone.

The IMD score in Dunscroft is 35.99, this indicates that Dunscroft is ranked the 22nd most deprived community in Doncaster (out of 88) and has the highest levels of deprivation within the Hatfield ward, this can be seen in table below.

Community	IMD Score	Ranked (across Doncaster)
Dunscroft	35.99	22/88
Hatfield Woodhouse	32.77	24/88
Lindholme	31.32	30/88
Hatfield	15.80	69/88
Dunsville	11.94	77/88

Figure 7. IMD rating comparison for Hatfield Ward 2019

Additionally, over half (52%) of residents in Dunscroft report that they are currently saving, this is 8% lower than the Doncaster average. Furthermore, 56% consider themselves to be financially stretched (Acorn, 2021).

Fuel Poverty

Fuel poverty is directly linked to energy efficiency, energy prices and household income. Fuel poverty is distinct from general poverty: not all poor households are fuel poor, and some households would not normally be considered poor but could be pushed into fuel poverty if they have high energy costs. Evidence shows that living in cold homes is associated with poor health outcomes and an increased risk of morbidity and mortality for all age groups; furthermore, studies have shown that more than one in five (21.5%) excess winter deaths in England and Wales are attributable to the coldest quarter of housing.

Modelled estimates of the proportion of households in fuel poverty shows that 18.8% of households in Doncaster are living in fuel poverty. This is higher than the Hatfield ward, at 16.5%. At LSOA level, Dunscroft is separated into 4 LSOAs, Dunscroft Station Road, Dunscroft Central, Dunscroft South and Dunscroft East. The percentage of households experiencing fuel poverty by LSOA are shown in the table below, with comparisons.

Area	Proportion of households in fuel poverty (%)
Dunscroft Station Road	26.3%
Dunscroft East	21.8%
Dunscroft Central	19.6%
Dunscroft South	11.6%
Hatfield Ward (Ward)	16.5%
Doncaster (City)	18.8%

Figure 8. Fuel poverty comparisons

The map below outlines fuel poverty levels across the city of Doncaster, with darker colours indicating higher deprivation.

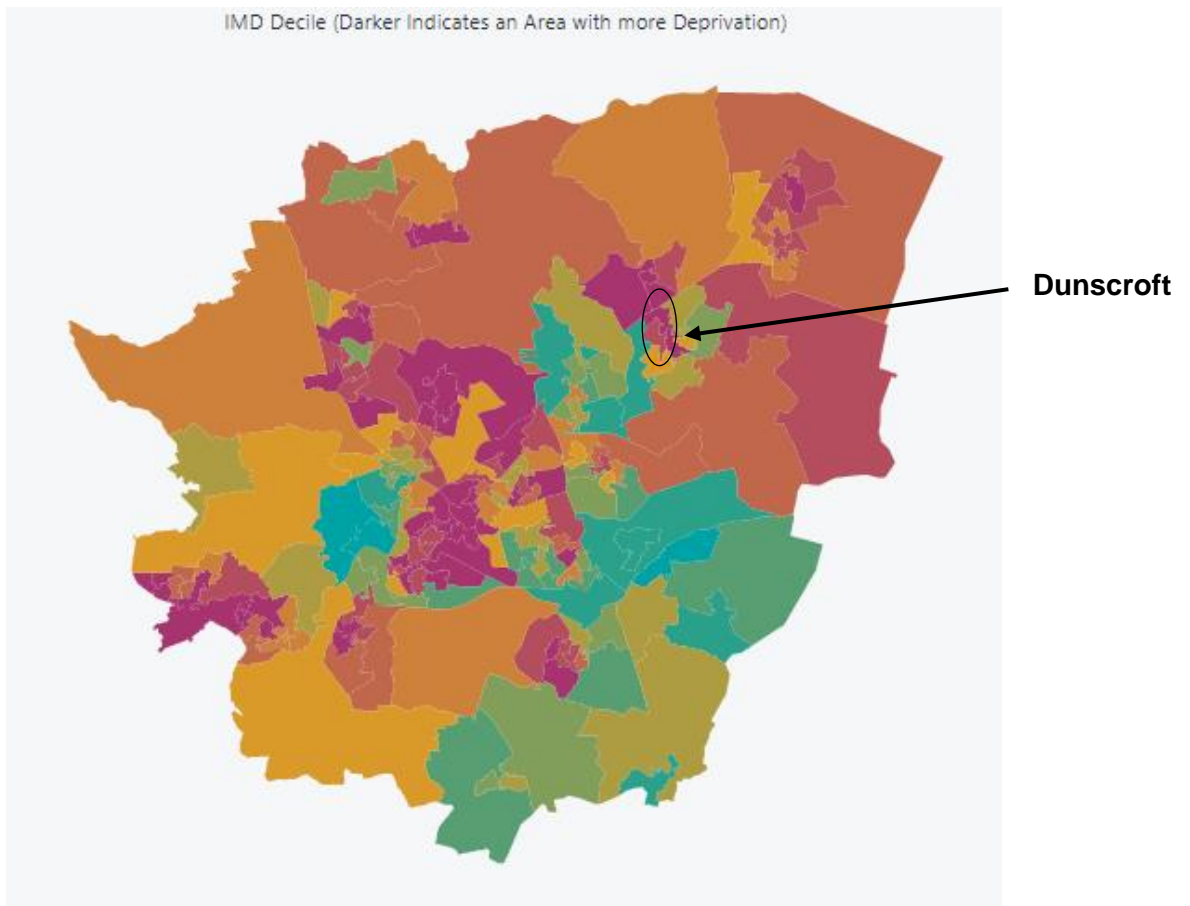


Figure 9. IMD Deciles

Employment

Dunscroft has a higher proportion of economically inactive people (45.3%) than England (39.1%) and Doncaster (41.7%). Alongside this, there is lower rates of economically active individuals currently in employment within Dunscroft (50.6%) than in England (57.4%) and Doncaster (54.9%).

Economically active adults are those aged 16 years and over who are:

- in employment (an employee or self-employed)
- unemployed, but looking for work and could start within two weeks
- unemployed, but waiting to start a job that had been offered and accepted

Economically inactive are those aged 16 years and above who did not have a job, and had not looked for work, this can include retired individuals and students.

The number of individuals who are not in employment: Never worked in Dunscroft is significantly high at 29.1% compared to England (25.6%) and Doncaster (27.2%). The highest prevalence of residents not in employment that have never worked is around Station Road, York Road, and Menson Drive.



Figure 10. Not in employment or never worked (Census 2021)

Those that are in employment in Dunscroft are more likely to be in elementary occupations and lower-skilled work, and less likely to be in senior or professional roles, as demonstrated in the infographic below.

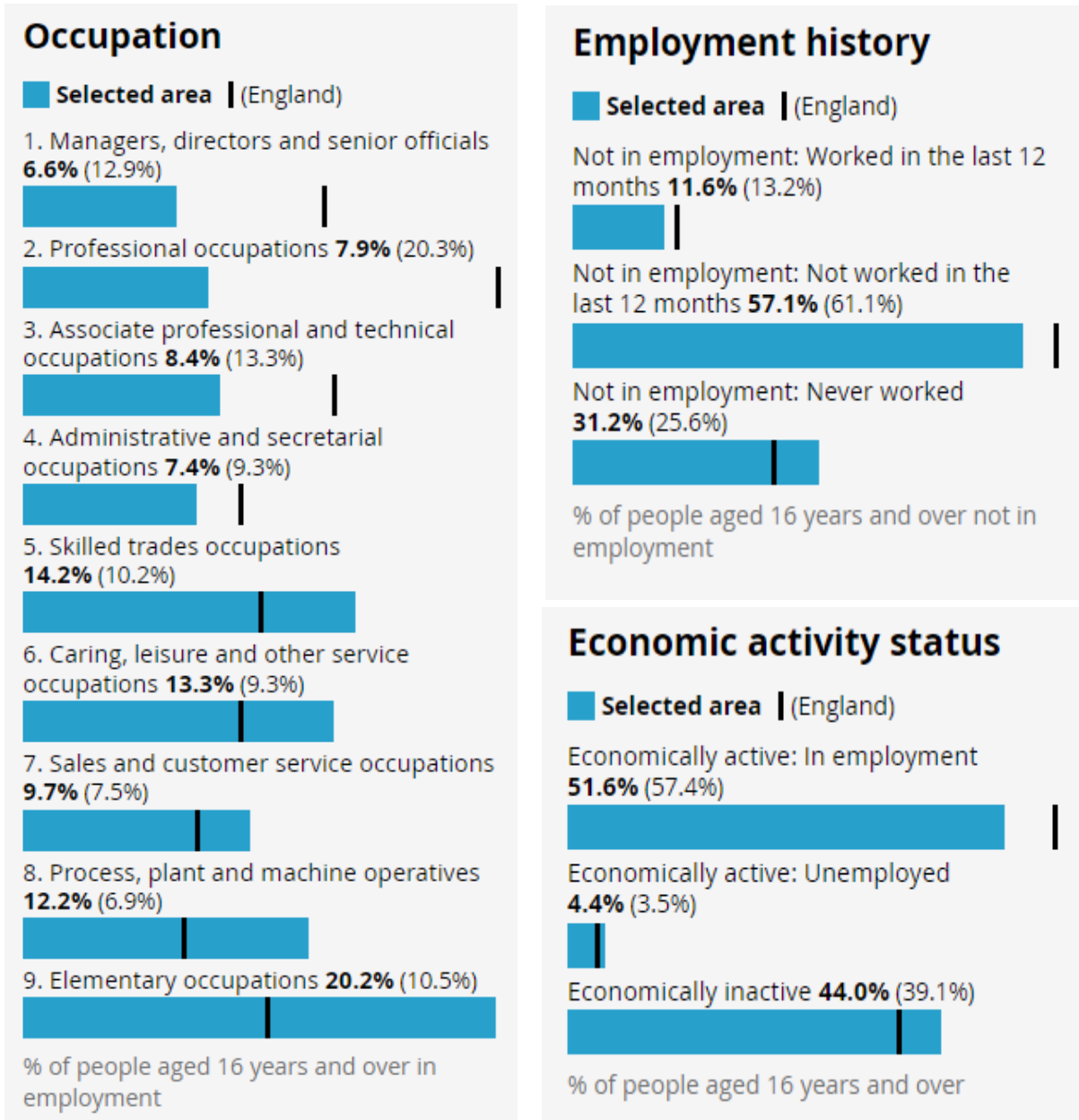


Figure 11. Occupation, Employment History and Economic activity status in Dunscroft (Census 2021)

Nearly half of Dunscroft residents (48.3%) live in households with an annual income less than £20,000 (Acorn, 2021). This is 29% greater than the rate for Doncaster. 19% of households have an income of ≥£40,000 per year. The high prevalence of retired residents and single-person households in Dunscroft may contribute to these figures.

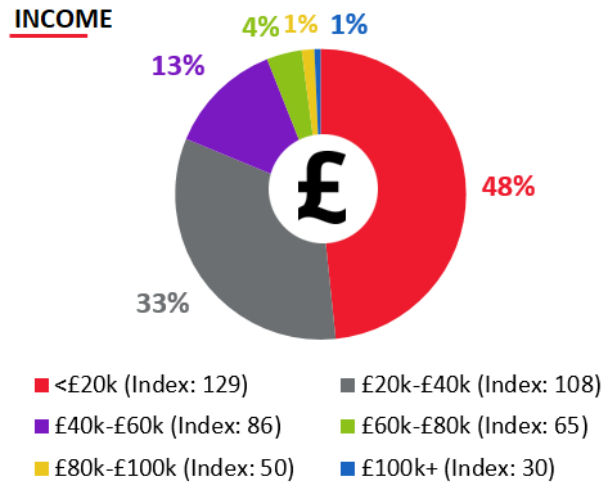


Figure 12. Dunscroft household income

Furthermore, the number of residents living in Dunscroft that have no qualifications is significantly high at 30.8%, this is higher than the Doncaster and England rate, at 24.6% and 18.1% respectively. Alongside this, the number of residents that have a Level 4 qualification and above is significantly low at 14.6%, in comparison to the Doncaster (22.7%) and England (33.9%) rates. Within Dunscroft, the highest rates of people aged 16 years and over with no qualifications are around Station Road, the northern part of Broadway, York Road, Winchester Road, Lichfield Road, Durham Road, and Sheep Dip Lane. This can be seen on the map below; the darker colour represents higher levels of individuals with no qualifications.

Figure 13. Qualification levels in Dunscroft (Census 2021)

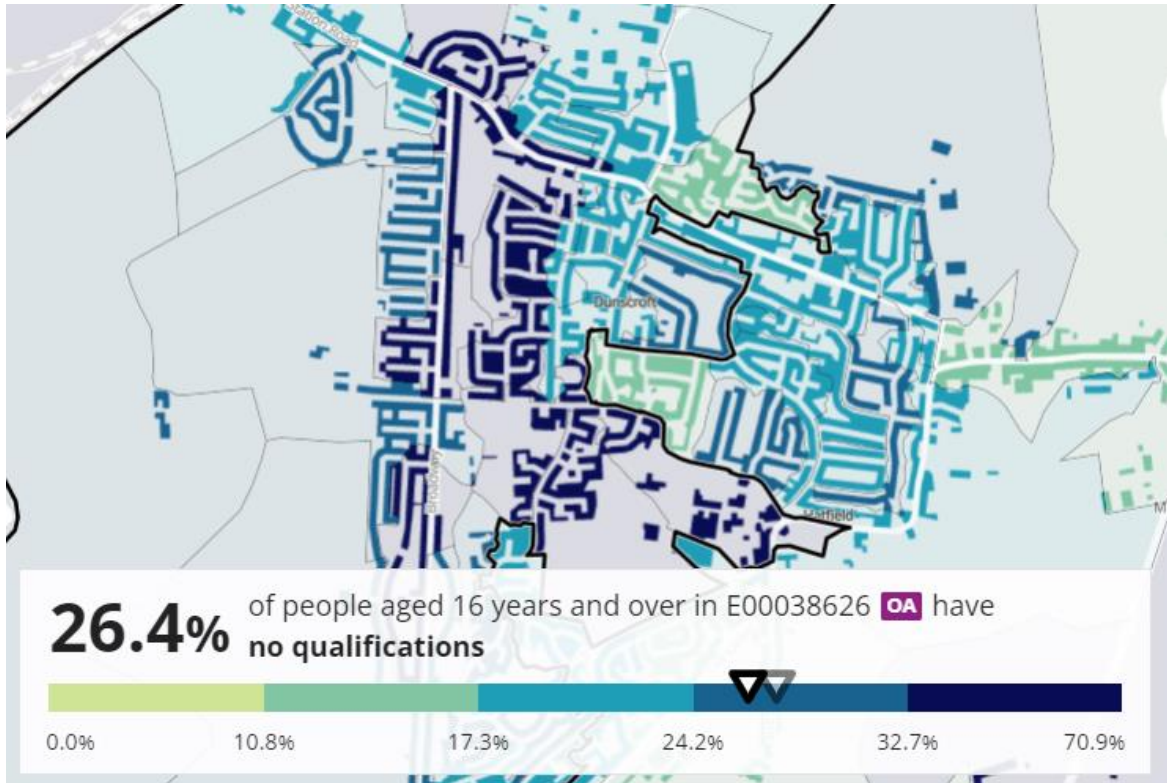


Figure 14. Qualification level by street in Dunscroft (Census 2021)

Doncaster is the 3rd most deprived out of 151 Upper-tier local authorities for Education, Skills and Training, the graph below shows the lack of attainment and skills in the local population, the darker the colour represents lower levels of skills and lack of attainment and highlights Dunscroft as ranking amongst the lowest.

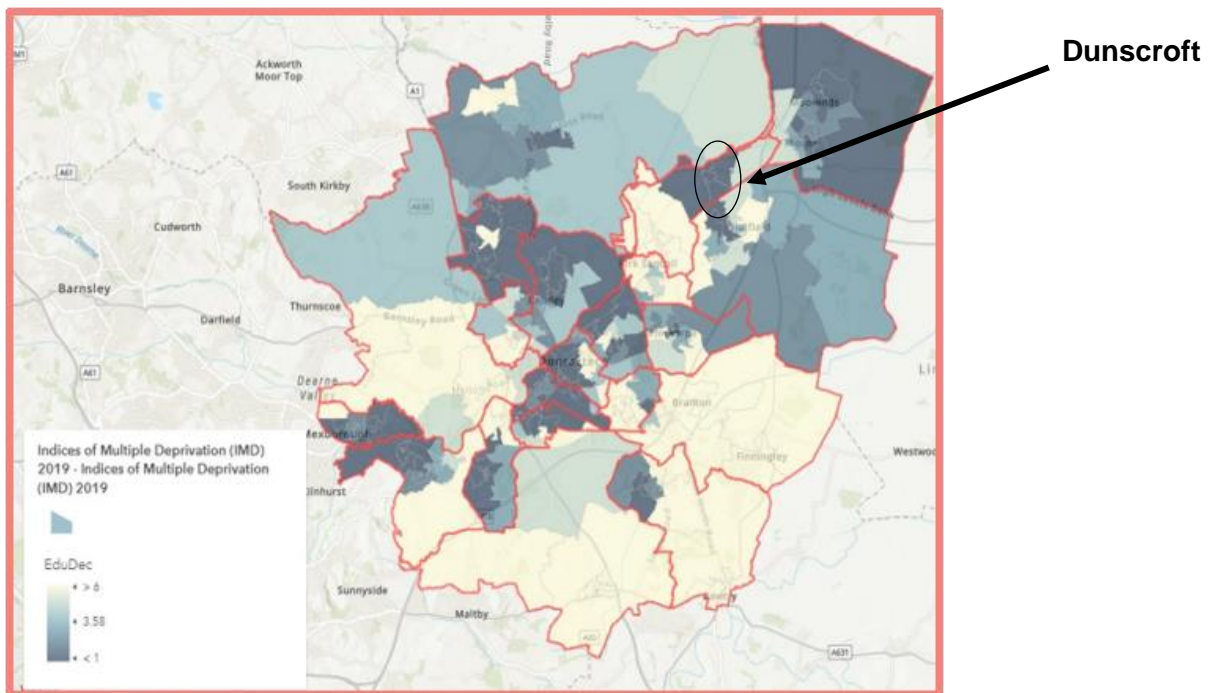


Figure 15. Attainment and skills in the local population (IMD 2019)

Citizens Advice Doncaster Borough

Citizens Advice Doncaster is an independent, local charity and a member of the Citizens Advice network. They provide free advice and support to meet the needs of communities. This includes advice on a range of problems, such as with work, debt, benefits, immigration, housing and more.

In the Fiscal Year 2023/24 (which includes data from Quarter 1 and Quarter 2) data shows that 160 clients were supported in the Hatfield ward across 103 postcodes. Those accessing the service were predominantly residents of Dunscroft, particularly those living on or around Station Road (including The Crescent), Broadway and Abbey Road. This can be seen on the map below; the purple dot highlights an interaction by postcode. The leading issue for requiring support was dealing with debt repayments.

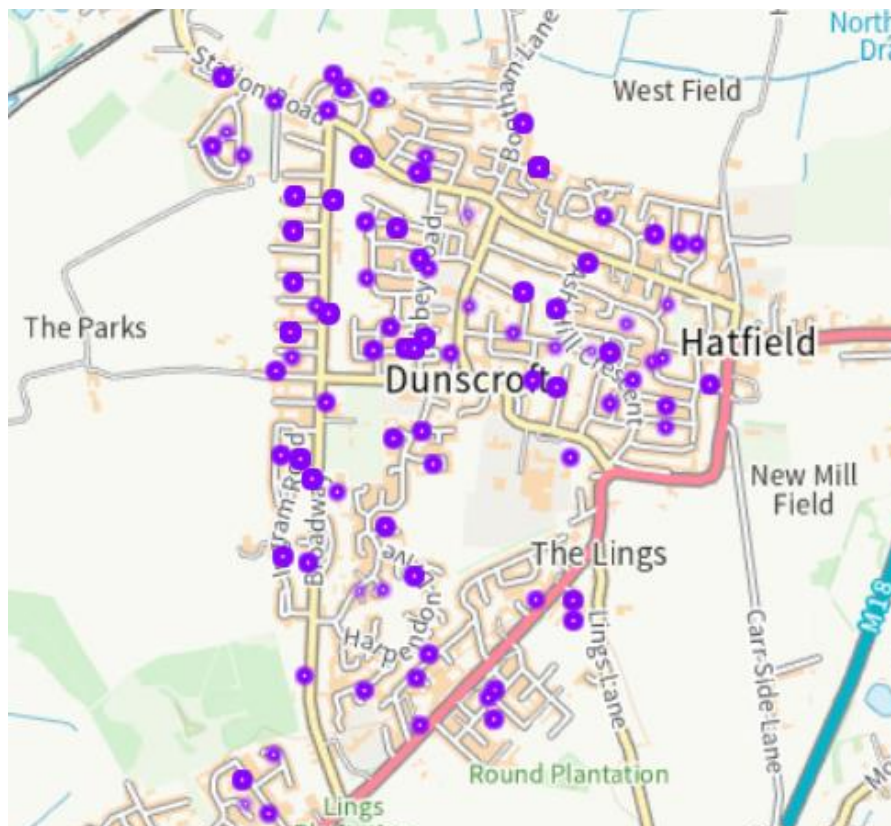


Figure 16. CADB postcode interactions (2023)

Food Poverty

There are 5 active foodbanks in the East locality of Doncaster. 2 are accessible to Dunscroft residents; Cambeth Community Pantry CiC (located in Dunscroft) and DN7 Foodbank (located in Stainforth). On average, these 2 foodbanks combined support approximately 150 households per month. The main reason for residents requiring food support is Cost-of-Living, followed by Debt, Low Income, Benefit Changes, Benefit Delays and Sickness.

Health Inequalities

Long Term Health Conditions

In Hatfield West the number of people who reported having a limiting long term illness or disability is significantly higher than the England rate, at 21.9% and 17.6% respectively (Office for Health Improvement & Disparities 2023). In Dunscroft 22.4% of residents classify as being Disabled under the Equality Act, this is higher than the England rate of 17.3%. Alongside this, there is a higher number of residents who describe their health as “very bad” or “bad”, coupled with significantly lower rates who report being in “very good health”. This is illustrated in the infographics below.

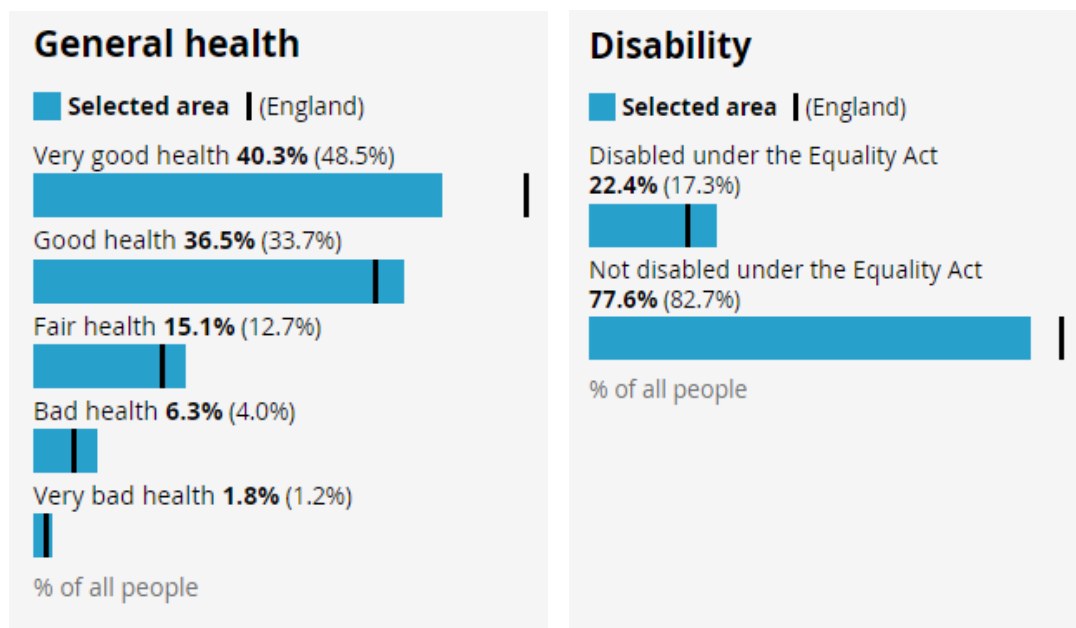


Figure 17. Health status in Dunscroft (Census 2021)

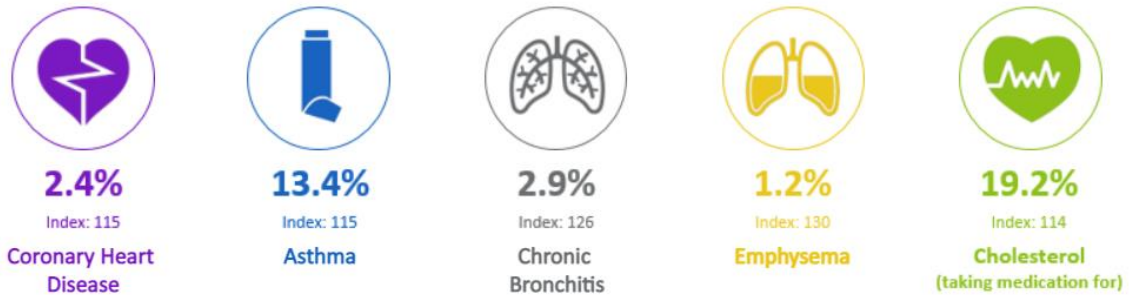
Emergency hospital admissions for chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) is significantly high in Hatfield West (150.2 / 100.0), this is also almost twice the rate of nearby Hatfield East at 76.9 / 1000.

Emergency hospital admissions for all causes, all ages are also significantly high compared to England.

There are high rates of obesity (BMI > 30) in Dunscroft, with 33.5% of residents estimated to be obese, this is 15% higher than in Doncaster. There are also higher rates of associated health conditions, including coronary heart disease, asthma, high blood pressure, high cholesterol, and diabetes, in Dunscroft than in Doncaster. Chronic bronchitis, emphysema, and liver conditions are also more prevalent in Dunscroft. The infographic below shows the percentage of the population in Dunscroft with a diagnosis of different health conditions.

HEALTH (EVER DIAGNOSED WITH)

HEART & LUNGS



OTHER

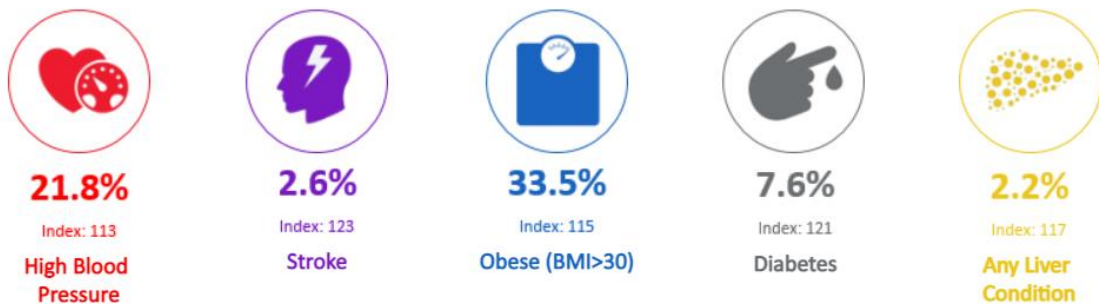


Figure 18. Prevalence of health conditions in Dunscroft (Acorn 2021)

Cause of Death

The leading cause of death in Hatfield West which covers Dunscroft is deaths from causes considered preventable at 140.6 / 100.0, this assumes that the underlying cause of death could potentially be avoided by public health and primary prevention interventions (that is, before the onset of diseases or injuries, to reduce incidence).

Smoking

There are high rates of cigarette smoking in Dunscroft with 23% of residents estimated to currently smoke cigarettes, and approximately 7% smoking >20 cigarettes per day (Acorn 2021). This may be linked to high levels of emergency hospital admissions for COPD and high rates of respiratory conditions.

Smoking status as self-reported by patients during registration at a GP practice is available for the 2 practices within the Hatfield ward: Dunsville Medical Centre and Hatfield Health Centre. Both practices show a lower rate of patients over the age of 15 who smoke compared to Doncaster (17.96%), with Dunsville Medical Centre at 10.29% and Hatfield Health Centre at 12.23%.

Alcohol

Data suggests high rates of alcohol consumption in Dunscroft, with 14% consuming > 5 alcoholic drinks per day (Acorn 2021). Alcohol specific admissions per 1000 population for the period April 2016 – July 2023 show that Dunscroft Central had a significantly high incidence

rate at 60.08 / 1000, ranking amongst the highest in the East locality and higher than the Doncaster rate of 43.67. Dunscroft Station Road also had high rates at 48.01 / 1000, followed by Dunscroft East at 44.88. Incidence rates in Dunscroft South (14.90) which has the lowest levels of deprivation within Dunscroft were amongst the lowest in the East locality. This can be seen in the infographic below.

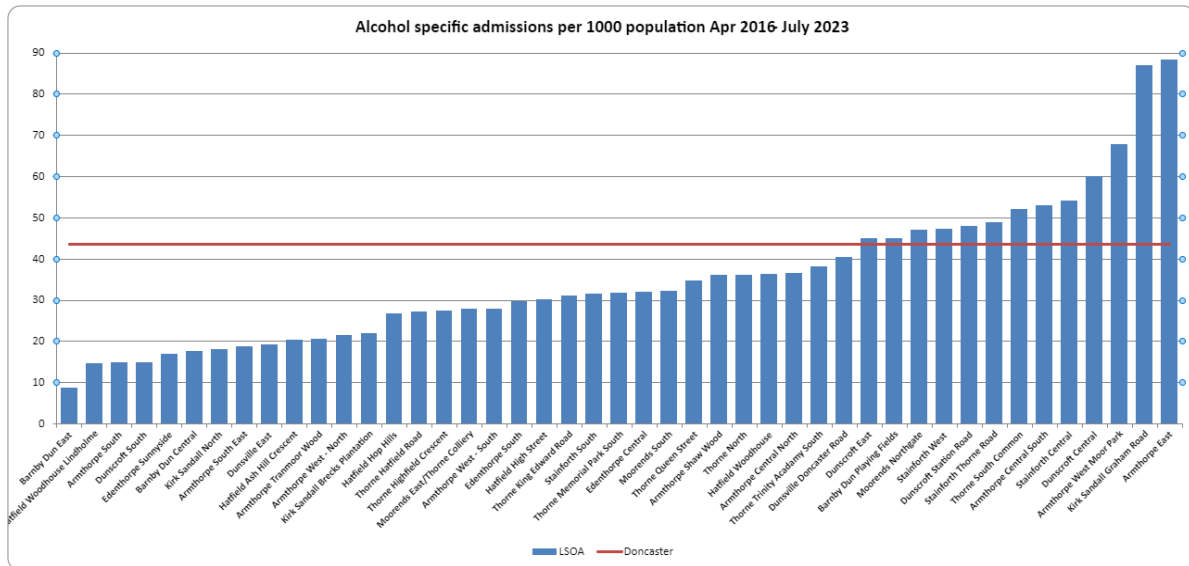


Figure 19. Alcohol specific admissions for East locality

Life Expectancy

Life expectancy at birth in Hatfield West is 76.5 years in men, which is lower than Doncaster (77.9 years) and England (79.5 years). Life expectancy for females in Hatfield West is 80.8 years, this is lower than both Doncaster (81.3 years) and England (83.2 years). Both males and females in Hatfield West have a lower life expectancy than those living nearby in Hatfield East, by -3.8 years for males and -1.1 years for females.

Figure 15 and 16 below shows life expectancy at a ward level across the city of Doncaster for males and female.

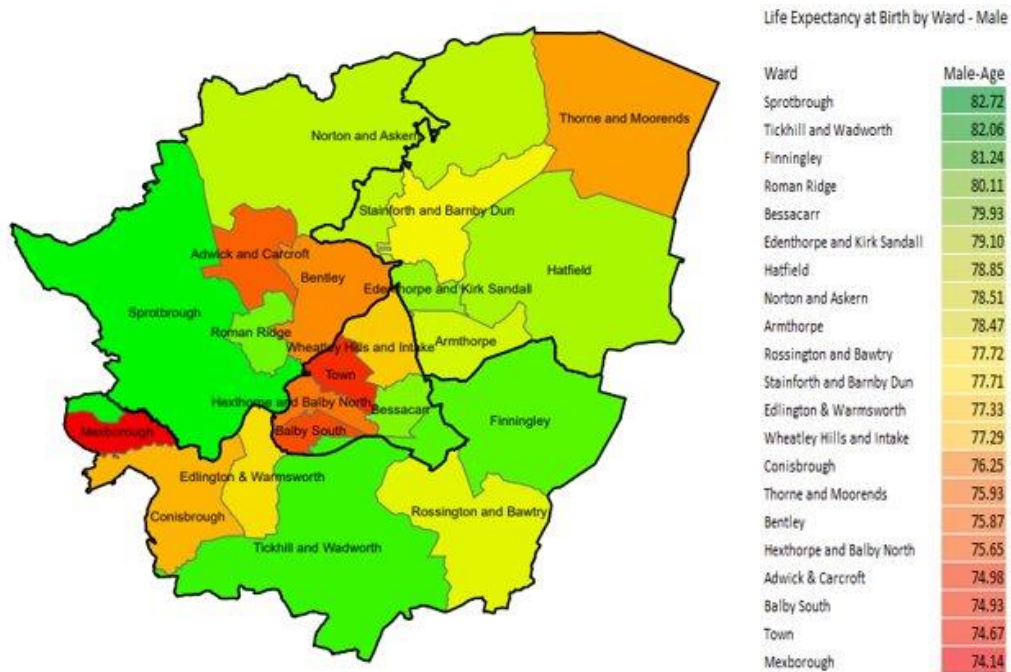


Figure 20. Life expectancy at birth by ward - Male

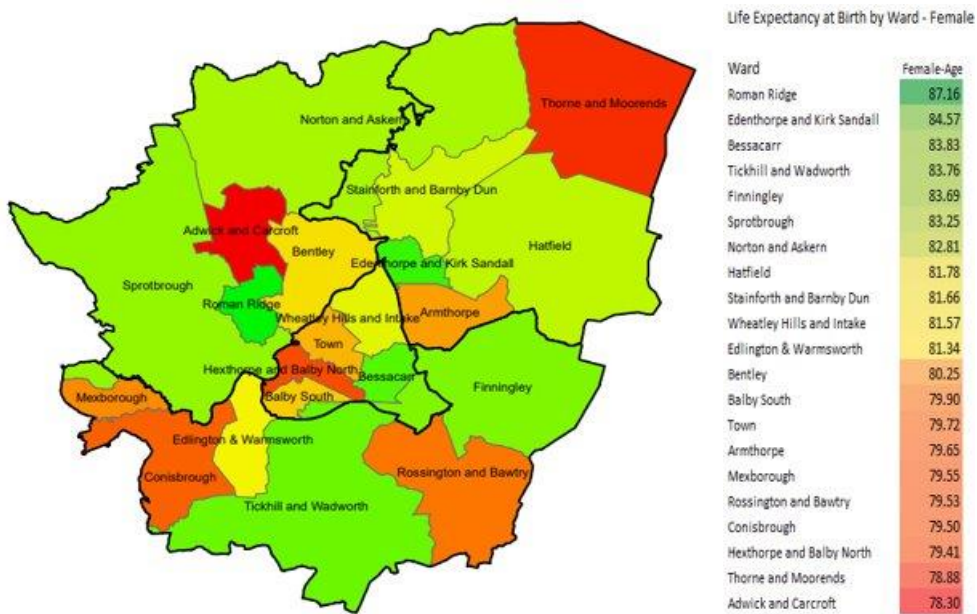


Figure 21. Life expectancy at birth by ward - Female

Loneliness and Isolation

Approximately one third of people live alone in Dunscroft (31.5%) compared to 31% in Doncaster and 30.1% in England. Similarly, 64.7% of households in Dunscroft are made up of single-family households, higher than the England rate of 63.0%. Whilst this does not indicate loneliness and/or isolation, it is an indicator to be considered alongside local intelligence.

Loneliness and isolation are associated with mental health and wellbeing. There is currently work being undertaken to develop a more in depth understanding of the impact of COVID-19 on the mental health of residents in the Hatfield ward.

Data shown below highlights the percentage of residents in Dunscroft estimated to have clinical depression, as well as predicted rates of other self-reported indicators of mental health and wellbeing. Almost 10% of residents are believed to have clinical depression, this figure is 21% greater than the average for Doncaster. There are also higher levels of all other mental health and wellbeing indicators in Dunscroft, including feeling downhearted/depressed in the past 4 weeks and having no sense of self-worth.



Figure 22. Indicators of mental health and wellbeing for residents in Dunscroft (Acorn 2021)

Child Development

Growing up in poverty damages children's health and well-being, adversely affecting their future health and life chances as adults. Ensuring a good environment in childhood, especially early childhood, is important. A considerable body of evidence links adverse childhood circumstances to poor child health outcomes and future adult ill health. The Income Deprivation Affecting Children Index (IDACI) measures the proportion of all children aged 0 to 15 living in income deprived families. In the Hatfield ward, 20.1% of children are classed as living in child poverty, this is lower than Doncaster at 22.7%, but significantly higher than England (17.1%). Data shows that the measure of children living in poverty in Hatfield West (24.6%) is over double that rate of children living nearby in Hatfield East (12.2%) highlighting the inequalities within the Hatfield ward.

The infographics below outline the number of Population by Age Band and Sex in Dunscroft, and in the Hatfield ward. This shows a higher proportion of children and young people aged 0-19 years living in Dunscroft.

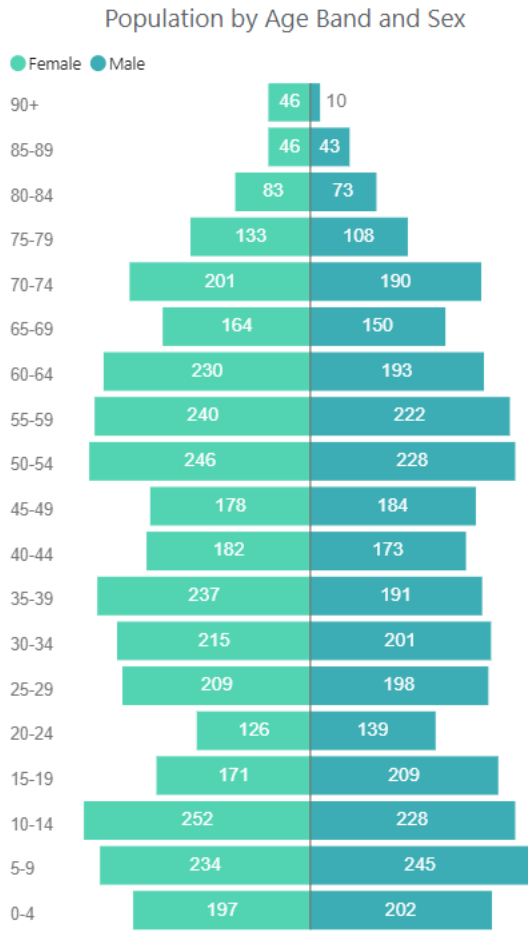


Figure 23a. Dunscroft

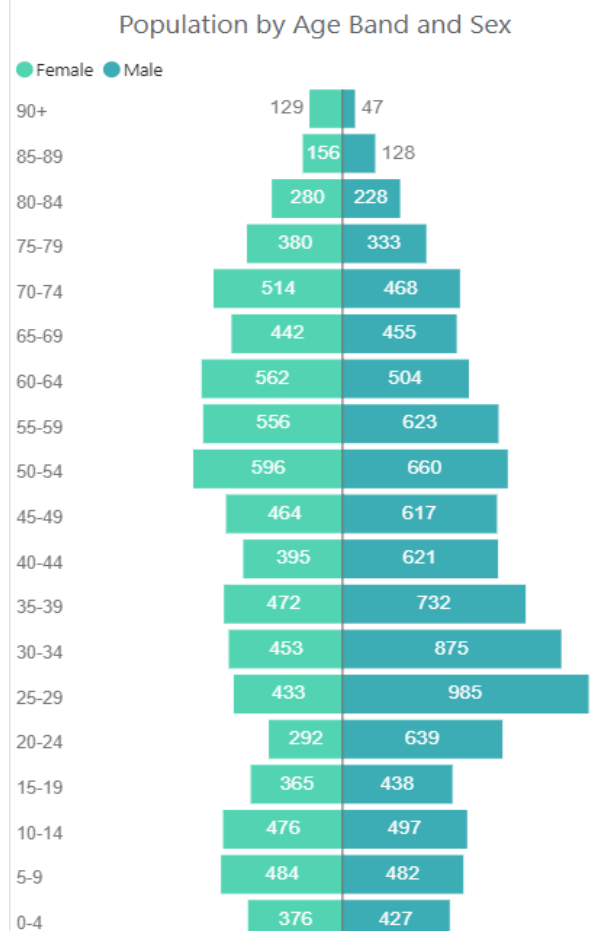


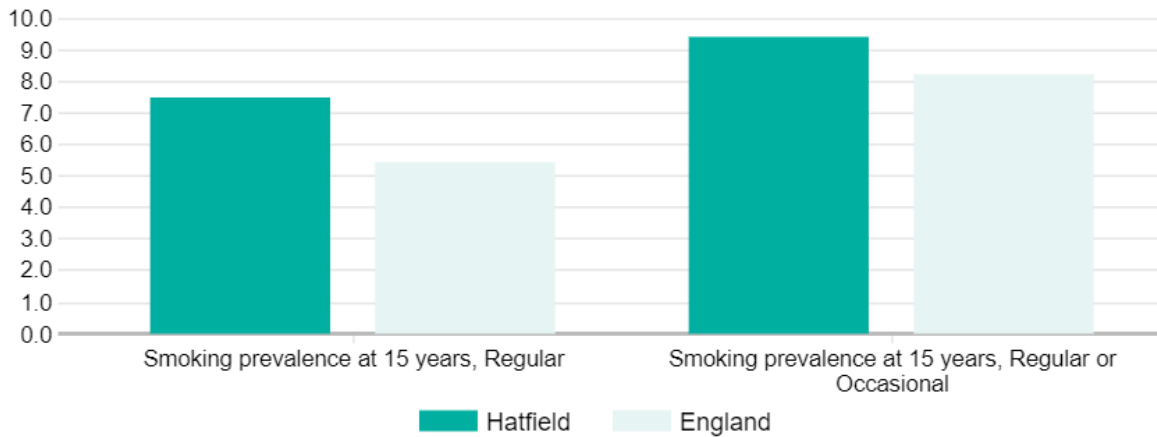
Figure 23b. Hatfield

27.4% of children are overweight or obese at reception age in Hatfield West. This increases to 38.5% in Year 6. Figures at both age groups are significantly higher than in Doncaster and England.

Emergency hospital admissions for injuries in under 5-year-olds in Hatfield West is amongst the highest rates in Doncaster (132.7). Emergency hospital admissions for injuries in under 15 years old is also high at 98.5, compared to Doncaster (88.8) and England (92.0). Statistics for both age groups are again higher in Hatfield West compared to Hatfield East.

Additionally, 24% of Year 8 and Year 10 pupils reported that they have consumed alcohol in the past week, an increase of 4% from 2020 and slightly higher than the Doncaster rate of 22%, whilst 11% have tried cigarettes or smoking (FSM 2021). Data from the Office for National Statistics (2020) highlights smoking prevalence at age 15 years (regular and regular or occasional) is higher in the Hatfield ward compared to England, as shown in the table below. 13% of Year 8 and Year 10 pupils reported that they have been offered cannabis and 10% have been offered other drugs (FSM 2021).

Smoking prevalence, %, 2014. (Modelled estimates)



Source: Department of Geography, University of Portsmouth and Department of Geography and Environment, University of Southampton; Mid year population estimates, Office for National Statistics.

Figure 24. Smoking prevalence at 15 years in Hatfield ward

Family Hubs

Doncaster Family Hubs are the ‘place to go’ for families. They work with other providers to offer a range of activities, services and information for families and welcome families with children of all ages from conception through childhood to adolescence. There are 3 family hubs within the East locality, these are located in Armthorpe, Moorends and Stainforth. Family Hub membership in the Hatfield ward is lower than the Doncaster total at 73% and 83% respectively.

Part of the role of Doncaster Family Hubs is to provide support to families accessing two-year-old funding (a government scheme funded entitlement to childcare). The number of eligible children living in the Hatfield ward taking up their funding entitlement to Two Year Funding is 46. The total number of open families that are working with family hub services is 5. The total number of children aged under 5 years who are receiving targeted support with their development is 18. These statistics are similar to neighbouring wards in the East locality.

School Attainment

The Department for Education supplies each local authority with the school attainment grades for those in KS2 and KS4. At KS4, each pupil is given an Attainment 8 score (a score out of 90) based on their 8 best GCSE grades including English, maths and at least 3 other traditional academic GCSEs (sciences, languages, and humanities). Other qualifications at an equivalent level (e.g., BTECs) can also count towards the score.

In 2019, average GCSE attainment 8 score per pupil was 39.2 in Dunscroft, this is lower than both Doncaster (44) and England (46.7). Results in 2022 increased to 42.7 in Dunscroft but were still lower than Doncaster (45.2) and England (48.8).

In 2023 for KS2, 65% of pupils achieved the expected standard in reading, writing, and mathematics in Dunscroft, an increase from 49% in 2022, but similar to 2019 which was 63%. This is compared to Doncaster (55%) and also the England rate of 60%.

18 children in Dunscroft have been recorded as receiving Elective Home Education and 9 are known to be missing education (City of Doncaster Council 2023).

Pupil Lifestyle Survey

The Pupil Lifestyle Survey is conducted by City of Doncaster Council to provide valuable data on children and young people's health-related behaviour, through an anonymous school-based questionnaire. Data from the survey has provided a set of Doncaster-wide figures at key points in children and young people's development; KS2, 3 and 4. 208 pupils participated in the Hatfield ward, consisting of children in Year 4 and Year 6. No Children from KS4 within the Hatfield ward participated. It is important to note that the Pupil Lifestyle Survey is self-reported and was not completed by all the schools.

The Hatfield ward ranked the lowest across the city of Doncaster for visits to the dentist within the last 12 months, at only 27% compared to the Doncaster rate of 45%.

15% claimed to consume takeaway food most or every day (vs 15% across Doncaster). However, daily fruit consumption is 64%, lower than Doncaster (66%).

85% of participants reported that they get love and support at home, this was amongst the highest figures, and higher than the Doncaster rate of 80%. Similarly, 90% of participants reporting feeling safe at home, higher than the Doncaster rate of 89%.

The Hatfield ward ranked amongst the highest for feeling able to get involved in the community (outside of school) at 74%, this is higher than Doncaster at 62%.

Physical Activity

It is known that Doncaster has more physically inactive adults, and fewer physically active adults than the national average. 28.9% of adults in Doncaster are physically inactive, this is significantly higher than the England rate (23.4%). Alongside this, the number of physically active adults in Doncaster is lower than the England rate, at 59.3% and 65.9% respectively. Nearly half (47%) of residents in Dunscroft are estimated to never do moderate intensity sports (Acorn, 2021).

The Mosaic map below shows where there are high numbers of inactive households across Doncaster. Data is mapped to LSOA however wards are shown and labelled for orientation. This data has been matched to the number of children and young people living in deprived and inactive households. It is known that Dunscroft has a moderate number of inactive households.

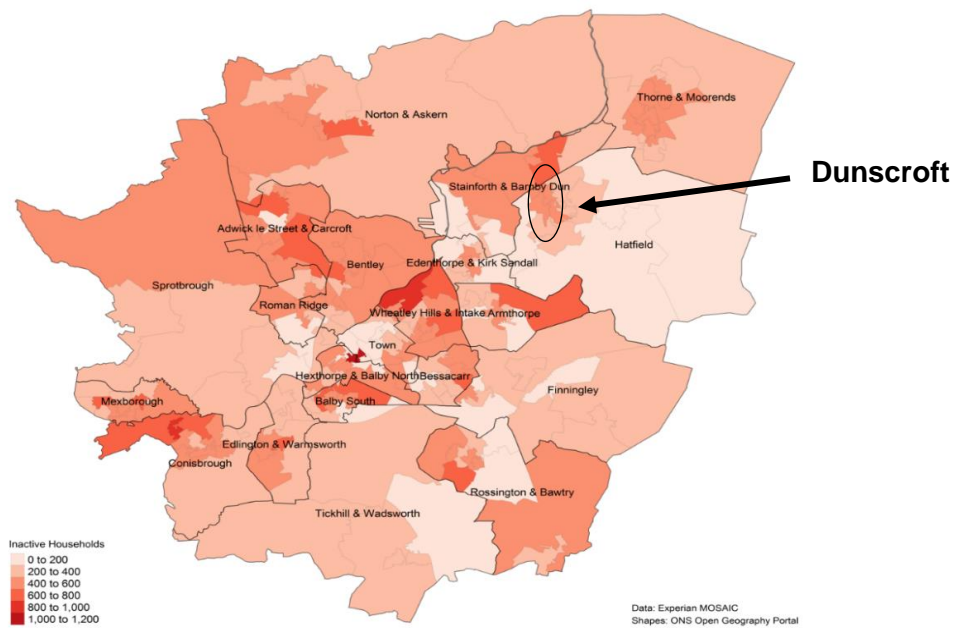


Figure 25. Mosaic map of household physical activity levels in Doncaster.

Additionally, only 51% of children reporting partaking in exercise that shows physical signs, this is lower than the Doncaster rate of 56% and again ranked amongst the lowest in Doncaster.

Active Travel

Census data (2021) shows that the majority of residents aged 16 years and over in employment in Dunscroft travel less than 10km to a place of work (41.0%), with 23.3% travelling 10-30km. The leading method of travel to the workplace is driving a car or van (64.6%) or being a passenger in a car or van (8.2%). The number of residents in Dunscroft that travel by active travel modes such as bicycle or walking (7.5%) is lower than the England (9.7%) and Doncaster (8.9%) rate.

Furthermore, the Pupil Lifestyle Survey showed that only 33% of children in the Hatfield ward reported walking to school, this is significantly lower than the Doncaster rate of 47% and ranked amongst the lowest across the city.

Population Health Management

COVID-19 has had a huge impact on communities, and it is vital to understand the impact and direction the pandemic has had on community organisation in the ward so that support can be offered, and work can be done to manage any gaps or risks associated with changes. To support with this, Well Doncaster officers undertake regular population health management insight with community organisations in Dunscroft identifying their current status and needs, and work with each group to meet their goals. This is a living document and will be updated

and adapted as needs are met and change. If you would like more detail on this, please contact WellDoncaster@doncaster.gov.uk

Community Information

Population

5600 (Census 2021)

The population of Dunscroft on average has higher numbers of children aged 5-19 years, and adults aged 50-79 years. With a lower-than-average number of working-age adults aged 20-49 years compared to the England average. This is demonstrated in the infographic below which outlines age composition.

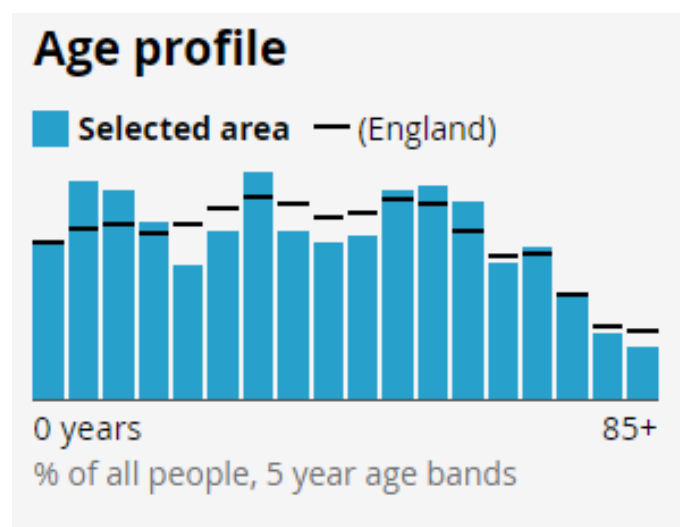


Figure 26. Age profile of Dunscroft

Dunscroft		England	
Age Band	Proportion	Age Band	Proportion
0 - 4 years	5.5%	0 - 4 years	5.4%
5 - 9 years	7.5%	5 - 9 years	5.9%
10 - 14 years	7.2%	10 - 14 years	6.0%
15 - 19 years	6.1%	15 - 19 years	5.7%
20 - 24 years	4.6%	20 - 24 years	6.0%
25 - 29 years	5.8%	25 - 29 years	6.6%
30 - 34 years	7.8%	30 - 34 years	7.0%
35 - 39 years	5.8%	35 - 39 years	6.7%
40 - 44 years	5.4%	40 - 44 years	6.3%
45 - 49 years	5.6%	45 - 49 years	6.4%
50 - 54 years	7.2%	50 - 54 years	6.9%
55 - 59 years	7.3%	55 - 59 years	6.7%
60 - 64 years	6.8%	60 - 64 years	5.8%
65 - 69 years	4.7%	65 - 69 years	4.9%
70 - 74 years	5.2%	70 - 74 years	5.0%
75 - 79 years	3.6%	75 - 79 years	3.6%
80 - 84 years	2.3%	80 - 84 years	2.5%
85 years and over	1.8%	85 years and over	2.4%

Figure 27. Age band comparison between Dunscroft and England

Demographics (Ethnicity, Language, and Religion)

Dunscroft is predominantly White British (97.4%), higher than Doncaster (93.1%) and England (81.0%) figures. 0.3% of the population are Black, Black British or Black Welsh, Caribbean or African, this is lower than Doncaster (1.2%) and England (4.2%) figures. 1.0% are Asian, Asian British or Asian Welsh, lower than Doncaster (2.9%) and England (9.6%) figures). In addition, only 1.0% of residents are from mixed or other ethnic groups, again significantly lower than Doncaster (2.7%) and England (5.2%) figures. The predominant language in Dunscroft is English, with 97.0% using this as their main language.

Just over half of residents in Dunscroft are of Christian religion (51.4%), this is higher than the England rate of 46.3%. 41.5% of residents are of no religion, and only 1.3% of residents classify as being Buddhist, Hindu, Muslim or other.

Housing

Housing conditions and the surrounding environment can have profound impacts upon residents' health and exacerbate health inequalities. The data below explores several variables to analyse the housing in Dunscroft.

There are 2,500 households in Dunscroft. Data shows that 24.6% of houses are socially rented, this is significantly higher than Doncaster (17.0%) and England (17.1%). The prevalence of socially rented properties is particularly high on Station Road and Broadwater Drive, with a large number also on Durham Road, Lichfield Road and Winchester Road. Alongside this, there is a lower amount of owned outright, mortgaged, or privately rented as shown below.

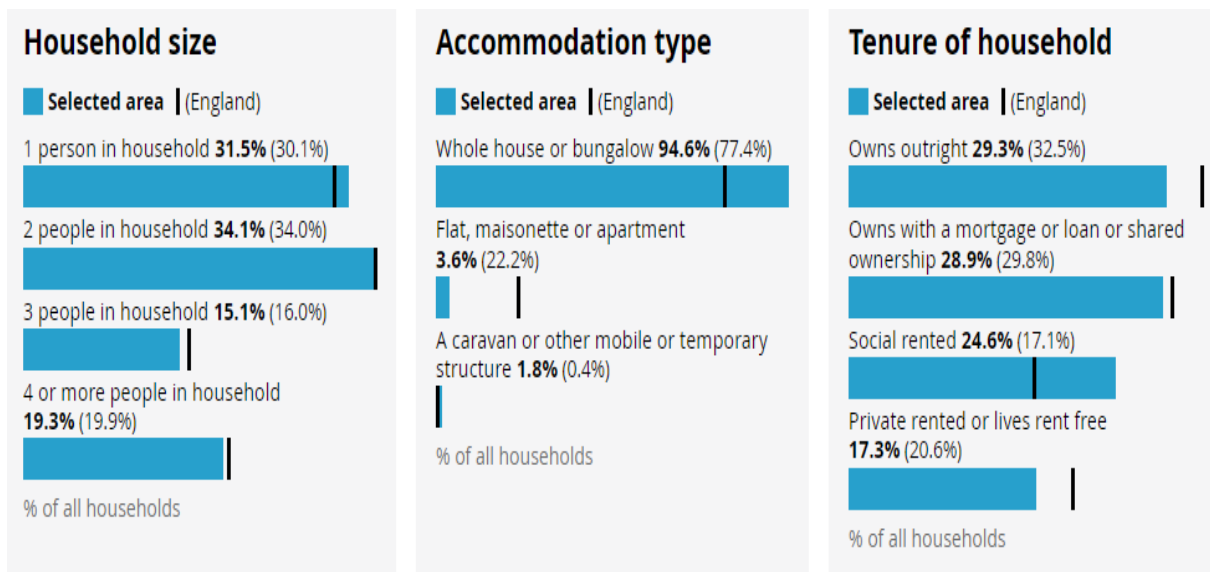


Figure 28. Household statistics in Dunscroft (Census 2021)

The most frequent number of people per household in Dunscroft is 3-4, similar to Doncaster. However, the percentage of households with 5+ people is higher Dunscroft at 9%. At ward level, the number of overcrowded houses in the Hatfield ward is 2.70%, this is higher than the Doncaster rate of 1.20% (a household is overcrowded if it has fewer bedrooms than it needs to avoid sharing, based on the age, sex and relationship of household members). This could be amplified in Dunscroft given the significantly high rates of children and young people in the community, alongside the low number of households that have 4 or more bedrooms.

St Leger Homes is the main provider of Social Housing in Doncaster. St Leger homes own 637 properties in Dunscroft. This comprises of 87 bungalows, 31 flats, 419 houses. Those who rent these properties are aged 26-45 years, 46-65 years and 65 years and above.

The total rent arrears from those living in St Leger properties in Dunscroft was £60,264.00 in 2022/23, this increased from £51,887.00 in 2021/22.

Antisocial Behaviour

Doncaster Stronger Communities Service looks to tackle all forms of anti-social behaviour, Hate Crime and lower level community safety within neighbourhoods. The East team are responsible for working in partnership with a range of agencies to deliver a joined up approach that addresses needs identified within an area as well as more cross cutting and complex work around community tensions and cohesion. The Hatfield Ward is one of five wards aligned to the Stronger Communities Team.

Data on the number of early interventions, ASB, hate crime and low level crime issues identified and managed in the East locality show 1551 cases, of these 336 incidents were in the Hatfield ward. These are issues that are purely dealt with by Stronger Communities Officers prior to any other agency/multi-agency involvement in the true sense of early intervention and thus preventing escalation and involvement from other, more costly services.

Antisocial behaviour incidents by ward highlighted Hatfield as having the highest rate in the East locality at 110. This is shown in the infographic below.

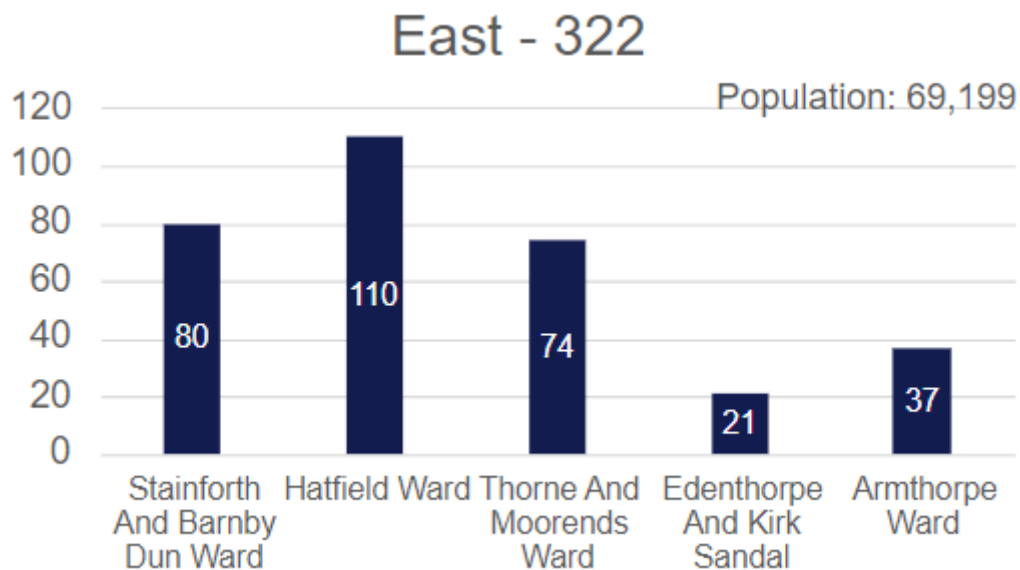


Figure 29. ASB Incidents by Ward (Partnership ASB ward level performance 2023/24)

Vulnerable Victims

The number of vulnerable victims for each Locality is also recorded. These figures represent individuals affected by repeat incidents of ASB. The below shows that the East locality had the highest rate of vulnerable individuals, at 82. However, of these only 8 were in the Hatfield ward. With highest figures being in Stainforth & Barnby Dun (36) and Thorne & Moorends (17).

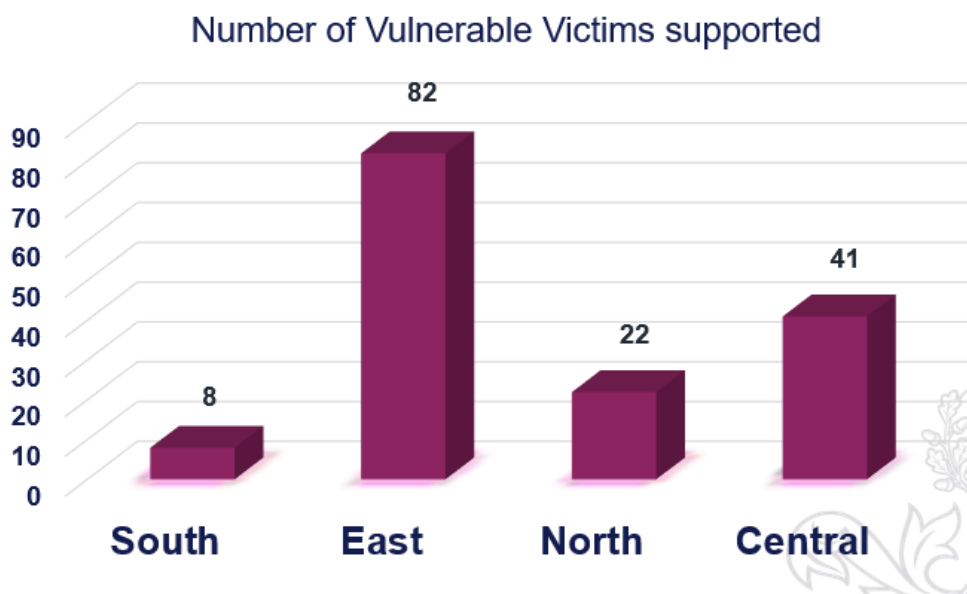


Figure 30. Vulnerable Victims by Locality (Partnership ASB ward level performance 2023/24)

Community Insight

Appreciative Inquiry

Appreciative Inquiry (AI) is a strength-based approach to understanding what is working well. It involves asking a series of structured questions which are analysed to identify themes that can be used to create positive change. The questions seek to understand past and present successes to help plan and create a bright and positive future. Used in a community setting, the process consists of four phases:

- 1) **Discovery Phase** – This will involve engagement with the residents of Dunscroft to find out what is working well in the community. Responses will be themed to allow priorities of the community to be established.
- 2) **Dream** – Residents and key stakeholders will be invited to attend an initial workshop to discuss what ideas they have for their community and how these will meet the priorities highlighted in the discovery phase.
- 3) **Design** – All attendees are invited back for a second workshop to develop an action plan for community action.
- 4) **Deliver** – A collaborative way of working and investing resources in working towards the actions from the design phase.

The Well Doncaster Team undertake Appreciative Inquiry every year to ensure the voice of the community is heard and understood. Following the COVID-19 pandemic, this is more important than ever. As Armstrong (2020) demonstrates, through appropriate questioning, appreciative inquiry can help us move away from focusing on what is wrong, to capitalising on what is right to help strengthen and restructure communities. As communities look for the positives in their future, we hold up a mirror that shows them where the positive future lies – with them and their community.

In 2023, a full Appreciative Inquiry in Dunscroft was undertaken. The table below outlines the 3 key themes identified during the Thematic Analysis.

Community Assets	<i>“Having a place to go like the youth club that is warm and safe.”</i> <i>“The Youth Club at Dunscroft Together is good it gives young people something to do”</i>
Community Spirit	<i>“People look out for each other and help out when needed. Nobody is left behind like at the lunch club we all chip in to help and the volunteers are excellent”</i> <i>“Everyone pulls together in times of need and there's always someone willing to help”</i>
Community Cohesion	<i>“I have 3 teenage kids. Safety is key”</i> <i>“The roads are easy to walk through because it is open and it's nice and quiet”</i>

Doncaster Talks

In 2019, Doncaster Talks undertook insight across the City of Doncaster. Responses were separated into wards and thematically analysed.

Across the Hatfield ward 111 responses were received which equates to 0.62% of the ward. This was amongst the lowest response rate per ward. An overview of responses can be seen below.

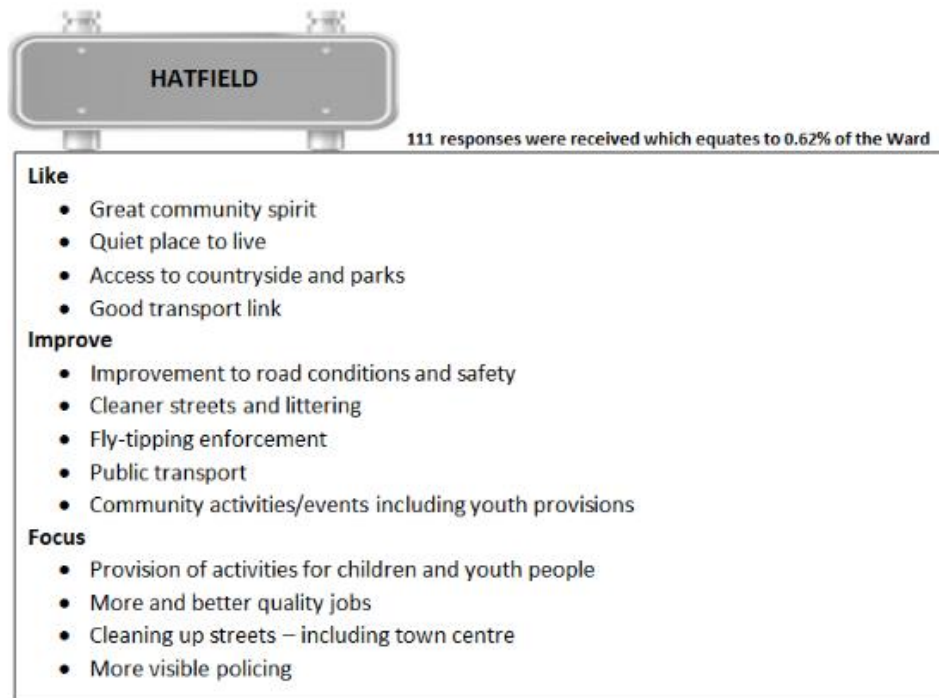


Figure 31. Hatfield ward responses

Locality Plan

Locality plans look at how we can together to strengthen communities and improve the lives and opportunities for residents living there.

The East Locality Plan has been developed in conjunction with residents and sets out what will be done to improve the community over the next 12 months. Communities were engaged with through a number of different ways:

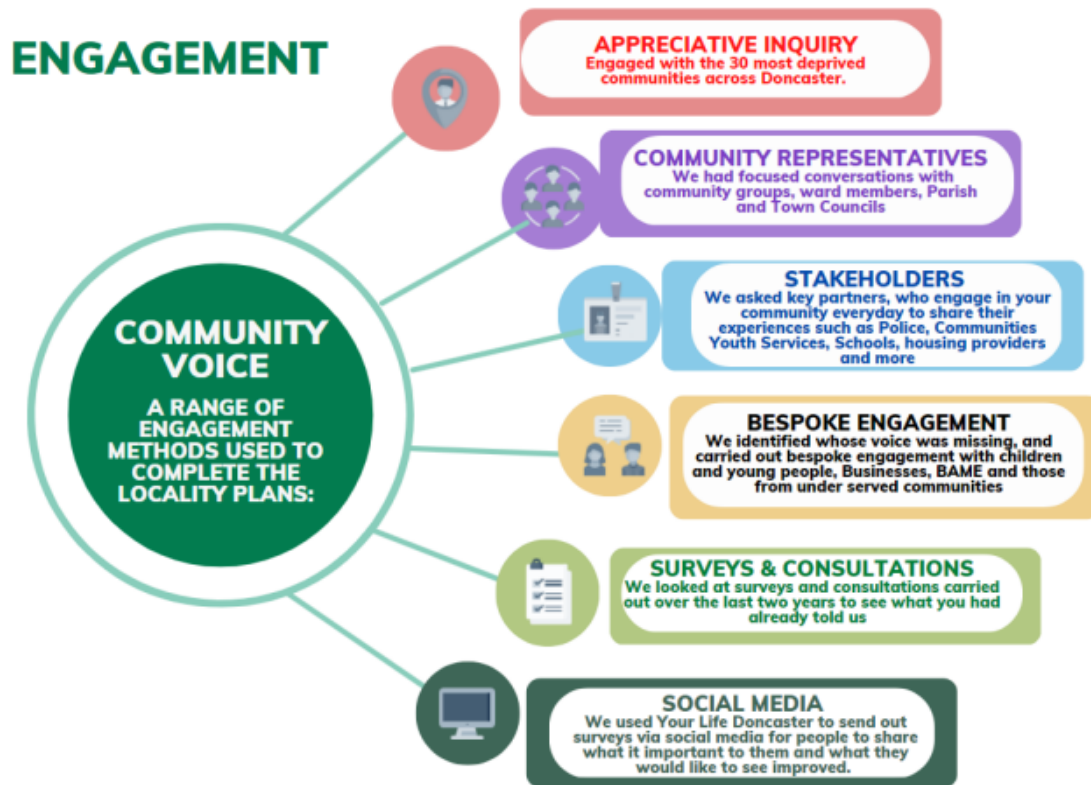


Figure 32. Community Voice engagement methods

The 2023-24 Locality Plan for the Central Communities outlines a set of priorities and can be viewed using the following link [East Locality Plan 2023/24](#)

Appendix

Well Doncaster Annual Reports

Well Doncaster Approach: <https://youtu.be/e1RKOZoGI10>

More information about how Well Doncaster has been meeting outcomes and objectives can be found in past and present annual report:

<https://welldoncaster.wordpress.com>

Census data 2021

The census is undertaken by the Office for National Statistics every 10 years and gives us a picture of all the people and households in England and Wales.

[Build a custom area profile - Census 2021, ONS](#)

[Census Maps - Census 2021 data interactive, ONS](#)

Public Health Data

Fingertips

This is a new fingertips profile that uses data from Local Health an existing PHE data tool. Local Health is a collection of quality assured health information presented for small geographical areas. By presenting data for small areas, Local Health provides evidence of inequalities within local areas. It supports targeted interventions to reduce such inequalities.

Local Health contains indicators related to:

- Population and demographic factors
- Wider determinants of health
- Health outcomes

It presents data for middle super output areas (MSOA), electoral wards, clinical commissioning groups (CCG), local authorities, and England as a whole.

Please note, as the Local Health tool was designed to allow users to map small area data, a mapping option has not been provided in this profile.

<https://fingertips.phe.org.uk/profile/local-health/data#page/0>

[Local Health - Public Health England - Reports: get a dashboard on a custom area](#)

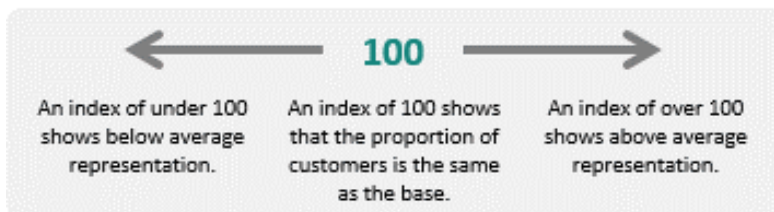
Acorn profiles

Wellbeing Acorn segments the population into 4 groups (Health Challenges; At Risk; Caution; Healthy) and 25 types describing the health and wellbeing attributes of each postcode across the country. By analysing significant social and health related behaviour, it provides precise information and an in depth understanding of upstream issues affected by current lifestyle traits

INTERPRETING THE REPORT

The Wellbeing Acorn profile report helps you understand the underlying demographics, lifestyle and health attributes of your customers and service users by comparing their Wellbeing Acorn profile to a base (e.g. UK population, area or other customer groups).

INDEX



The Wellbeing Acorn Profile contains 12 variables that are indicators of Disability or Infirmity in the population and 9 variables related to unhealthy Behaviours. The average score measured against the base profile of Yorkshire and the Humber is 100. A value above 100 indicates that the area population is overrepresented for this characteristic, below 100 the value is less than the average or under represented.

Get Doncaster Moving Survey

<https://getdoncastermoving.org/uploads/dmbc-phase-1-summary-report-final.pdf?v=1558622409>

Mosaic data

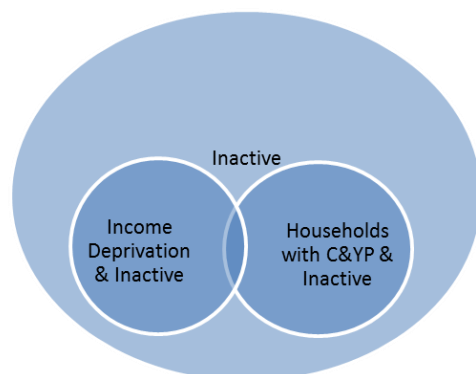
Mosaic Public Sector classifies the UK population into one of 66 types and 15 groups through a detailed and accurate understanding of each citizen's demographics, lifestyles, behaviours and location.

The Physically Inactive Population of Doncaster

The MOSAIC types who "Do not exercise" and "Do not take part in Sport" were searched and three priority groups have been identified through work with strategic partners as part of the development of Doncaster's Physical Activity Strategy. The three priority groups are:

- The Inactive
- Families with children and young people
- People living in income deprivation

These groups are cross-referenced against the inactivity list allowing for the identification of MOSAIC types which are both likely to be inactive and living in deprivation as well as inactive and from households with children and young people.



Link to the Get Doncaster Moving strategy; [Let's Get Moving! | Get Doncaster Moving](#)

Pupil Lifestyle Survey 2022

[Pupil Lifestyle Survey - Healthy Schools \(healthylearningdoncaster.co.uk\)](http://healthylearningdoncaster.co.uk)

Power BI – Joint Strategic Needs Assessment

The Joint Strategic Needs Assessment (JSNA) is a process that identifies the current and future health and wellbeing needs of a local population. The dashboards show information about the employment, health, and wellbeing of people in Doncaster. We use this information to inform our policies and strategies to improve the lives of everyone in the Doncaster area.

[Joint Strategic Needs Assessments - Team Doncaster](#)

